



Aakash

Medical | IIT-JEE | Foundations

A large banner with a blue background and a grid pattern. The text "KNOWLEDGE BYTES" is written in large, bold, blue letters with white outlines. The letter "O" in "KNOWLEDGE" is replaced by a yellow lightbulb icon. Three small human figures are interacting with the text: one is climbing the "K", one is sitting on the "W", and one is standing next to the "S" in "BYTES". A white ribbon banner at the bottom right contains the text "August 2026".

CLASS 9





Aakash

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PREFACE

What is Knowledge Bytes ?

Knowledge Bytes is a collection of riddles, interesting facts, mnemonics, and puzzles that will make your learning fun and engaging.

We want you to be delighted about studying. Knowledge Bytes helps you to know more about the subject in a fun, motivating and educational way and helps to implement what you learn in a creative way.

Benefits



Saves Time



Develops Learning Skills



Stimulates Interest



Leads to Increased Comprehension



Quadrilaterals



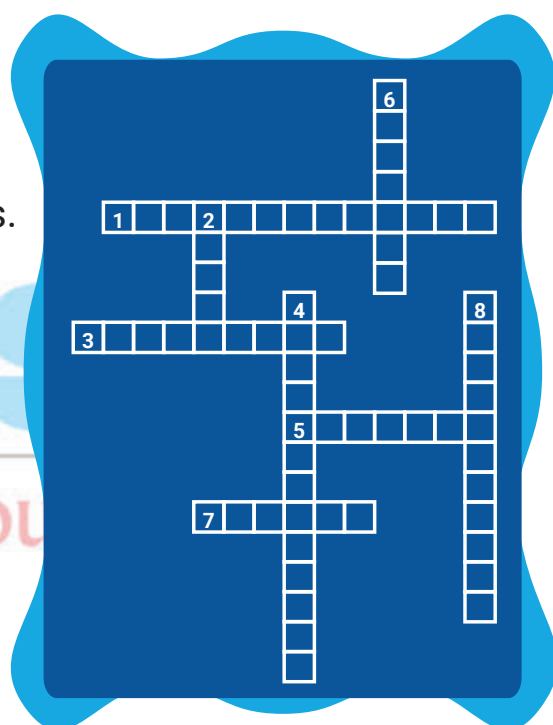
Crossword

ACROSS

1. A figure with two pairs of parallel sides.
3. Quadrilateral with only one pair of parallel sides.
5. A parallelogram with four equal sides.
7. A rectangle with all sides equal.

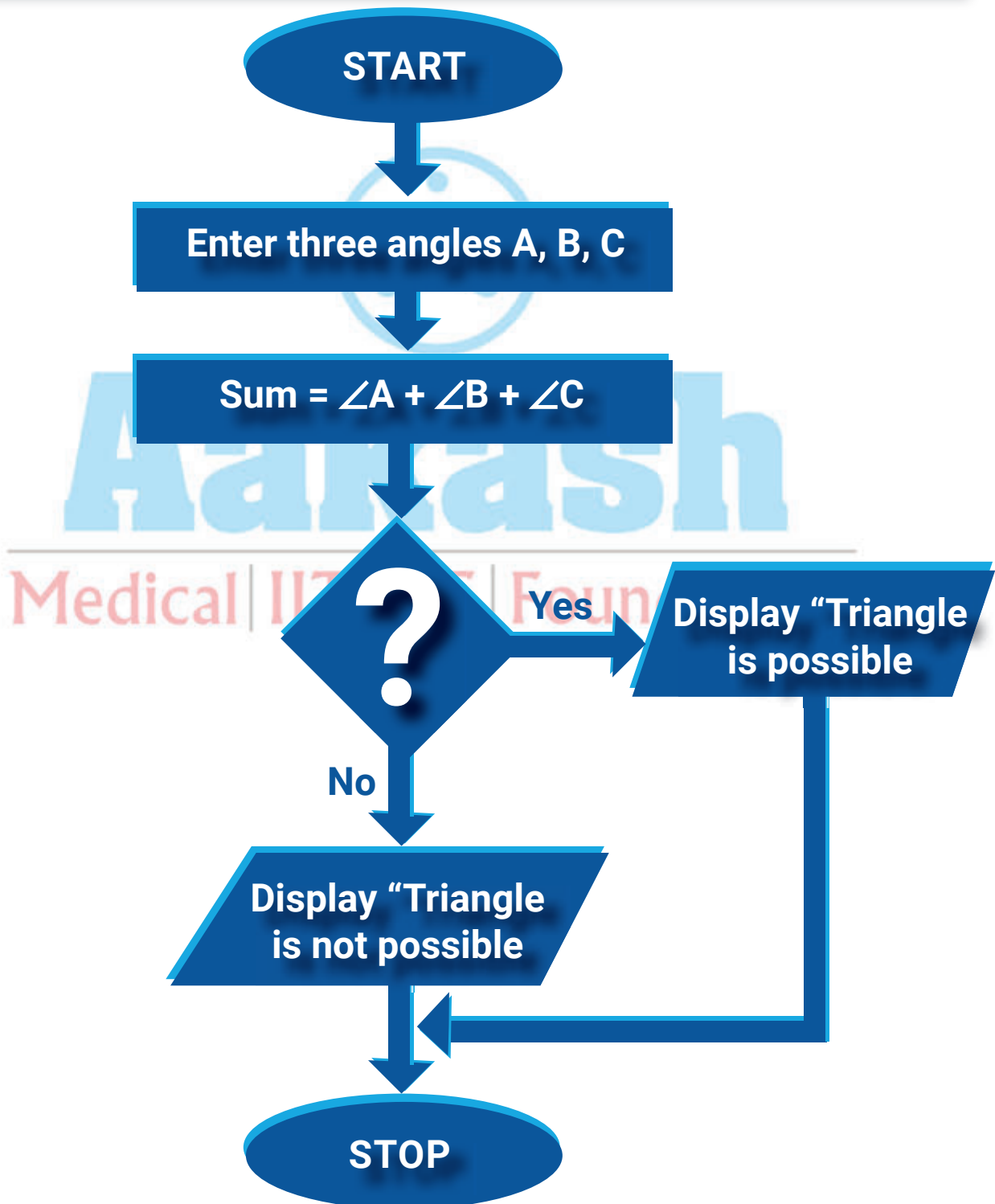
DOWN

2. Figure formed by two rays meeting at a common end point.
4. A four sided closed figure.
6. A closed figure formed by line segments.
8. A line of fixed length.

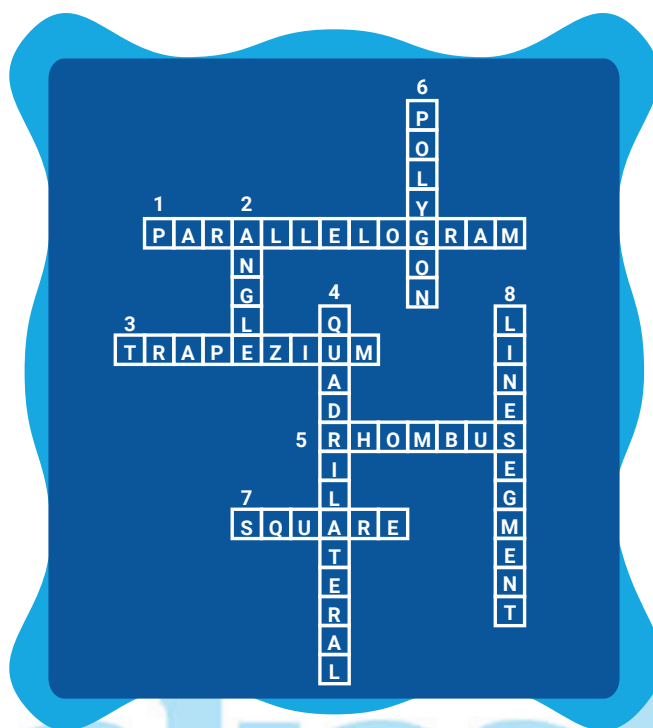


Flowchart

A flowchart to check whether a triangle is possible or not. Find the value at question mark(?).



Answer (Crossword)



Answer (Flowchart)

If $\text{sum} = 180^\circ$

How Forces Affect Motion

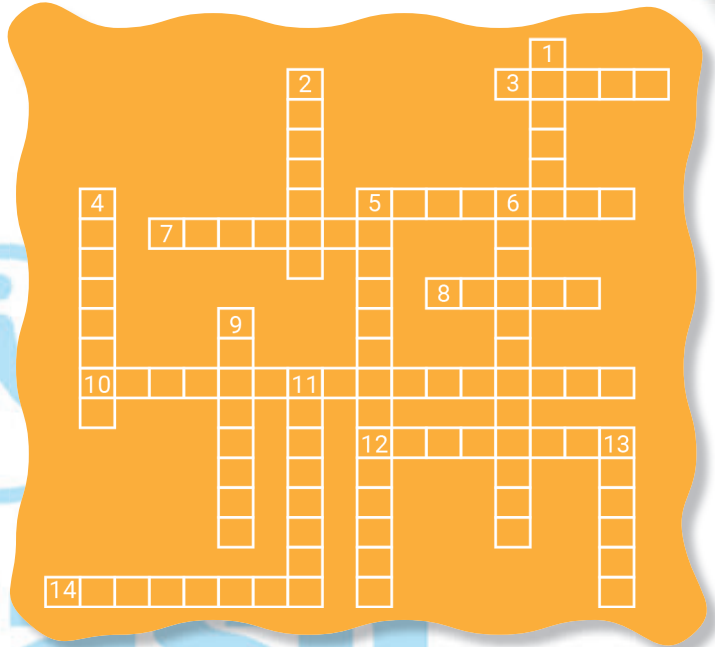
Crossword

ACROSS

- 3. A push or a pull
- 5. The upward force exerted on an object by a fluid
- 7. Tendency of an object to resist a change in motion
- 8. The distance an object travels per unit of time
- 10. Forces acting on an object that do NOT cancel
- 12. Force that resists motion between two surfaces
- 14. The length of a path between two points

DOWN

- 1. A change in position relative to a reference point
- 2. Force that pulls objects together
- 4. Measure of how difficult it is to stop a moving object
- 5. Two or more forces whose effects cancel each other
- 6. The rate at which velocity changes
- 9. Speed and direction of an object
- 11. Combination of all forces acting on an object
- 13. Basic unit of force





Fact about Force

A rocket can travel in space even where there is no air! It pushes hot gases backward, and the rocket moves forward due to Newton's Third Law of Motion.

A raw egg is harder to stop spinning than a boiled egg. The liquid inside the raw egg keeps moving because of inertia.

The harder you kick a football, the faster it accelerates. A greater force produces a greater acceleration.

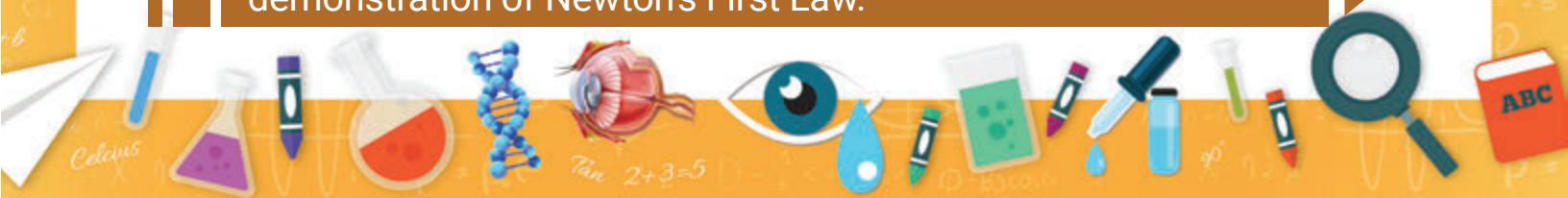
Catching a cricket ball by pulling your hands backward reduces the pain. Increasing the stopping time reduces the force on your hands.

Astronauts feel weightless even though Earth's gravity is still acting on them. They are constantly falling around the Earth while orbiting it.

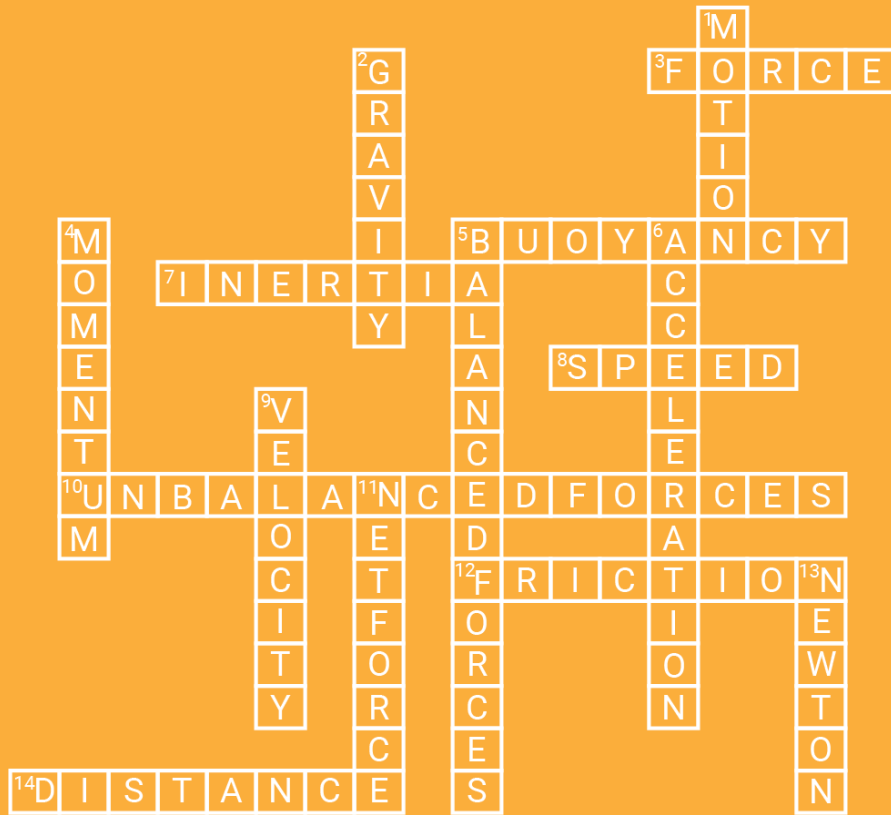
Car airbags save lives by increasing the time taken to stop your body during a collision. This greatly reduces the impact force.

You push the ground backward every time you walk. In return, the ground pushes you forward with an equal and opposite force.

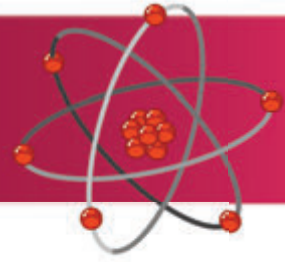
Place a coin on a card over a glass and flick the card quickly. The coin falls straight into the glass because of inertia—a classic demonstration of Newton's First Law.



Answer (Crossword)



Journey Inside the Atom

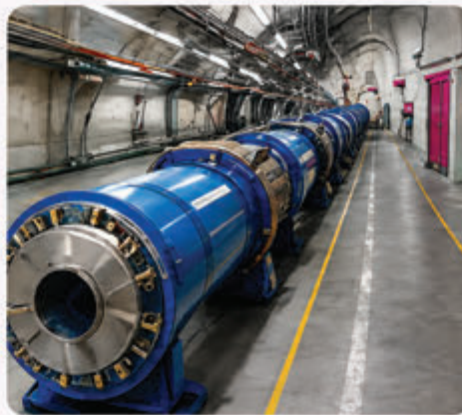


CERN-The World's Largest Atom Laboratory

WHAT IS CERN?

- Located near Geneva, Switzerland.
- Founded in 1954.
- 23 member countries and collaborations with many more.
- Goal: To understand the fundamental structure of the universe.

THE LARGE HADRON COLLIDER (LHC)



- 27 km long circular tunnel buried 100 metres under the ground.
- Protons travel at 99.9999991% the speed of light.
- Protons are smashed together to study what happens just after the Big Bang!

DID YOU KNOW?



The LHC can recreate conditions similar to those microseconds after the Big Bang – one of the hottest places in the Universe!

GREAT DISCOVERY – HIGGS BOSON (2012)

In 2012, scientists at CERN discovered the Higgs boson particle, also called the “God Particle”. It explains why particles have mass.



APPLICATIONS OF CERN RESEARCH



Cancer treatment



Medical imaging



Advanced materials



Better electronics



Space exploration



Understanding the Universe

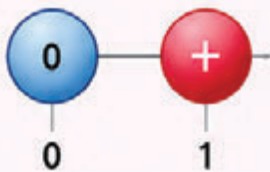
Quantum Computers – The Future is Quantum

Quantum computers use the principles of quantum mechanics to solve problems that are impossible for classical computers.

CLASSICAL BIT vs QUBIT

Classical Bit

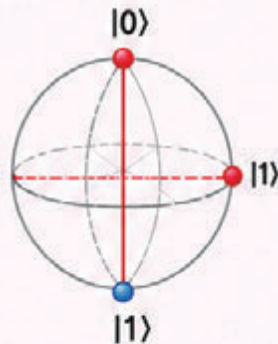
0 or 1



Can be either 0 or 1 at a time.

Qubit (Quantum Bit)

0 and 1 at the same time!



A qubit can be in a superposition of 0 and 1 simultaneously.

HOW DOES IT WORK?

- Qubits use superposition and entanglement.
- Many calculations are done in parallel.
- When measured, the qubit collapses to 0 or 1 giving the answer.



WHY IS IT POWERFUL?

- ✓ Solves complex problems incredibly faster
- ✓ Processes huge data at once
- ✓ Learns and improves (Quantum AI)
- ✓ Breaks hard encryption (Cryptography)
- ✓ Can transform medicine, weather forecasting, finance, and more

REAL-WORLD APPLICATIONS



Drug discovery
(new medicines)



Optimization
(supply chain, traffic)



Artificial
intelligence



Cryptography
& security



Climate
modeling

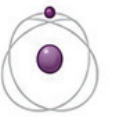
DID YOU KNOW?

Google's quantum computer solved a problem in 200 seconds which would take the world's fastest supercomputer thousands of years!

Antimatter – The Mirror of Matter

Antimatter is a form of matter in which particles have the same mass as normal matter but opposite electric charge.

MATTER vs ANTIMATTER

Particle	Matter	Antimatter
Electron	 e^-	 e^+ (Positron)
Proton	 p	 $\bar{p}$ (Antiproton)
Neutron	 n	 $\bar{n}$ (Antineutron)
Hydrogen		 $\bar{H}$ (Antihydrogen)

SPECIAL PROPERTIES

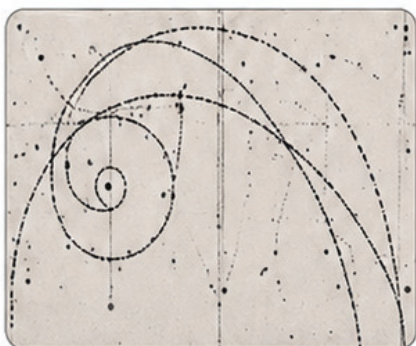
- When matter and antimatter meet, they annihilate each other.
- This releases a huge amount of energy in the form of gamma rays.
- Antimatter is extremely rare in nature.

HOW WAS ANTIMATTER DISCOVERED?

In 1932, Carl Anderson discovered the positron (antielectron) in cosmic rays using a cloud chamber.



Carl Anderson



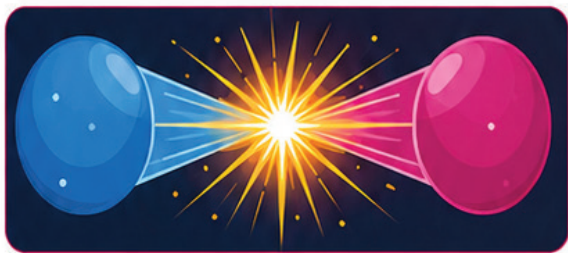
APPLICATIONS

- ✓ **PET Scan** – Helps in early detection of diseases like cancer.
- ✓ **Particle Physics Research** – Helps scientists understand the universe.
- ✓ **Future Possibility** – Antimatter could be used in spacecraft engines for interstellar travel!



DID YOU KNOW?

One gram of antimatter could release as much energy as the explosion of several atomic bombs!



Quiz Time

1.

Which scientist discovered the electron using cathode rays?

- | | |
|----------------|-------------------|
| (a) Rutherford | (b) J. J. Thomson |
| (c) Bohr | (d) Chadwick |

2.

Which of the following is NOT a sub-atomic particle?

- | | | | |
|------------|-------------|--------------|------------|
| (a) Proton | (b) Neutron | (c) Electron | (d) Photon |
|------------|-------------|--------------|------------|

3.

Bohr's model explains

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| (a) The shape of orbitals | (b) The nucleus |
| (c) Stationary states | (d) Quantum numbers |

4.

Which principle states that no two electrons in an atom can have the same set of four quantum numbers?

- | |
|--------------------------------------|
| (a) Aufbau principle |
| (b) Pauli Exclusion Principle |
| (c) Hund's rule |
| (d) Heisenberg Uncertainty Principle |

5.

If $n = 3$, maximum number of electrons in that shell is

- | | |
|-------|--------|
| (a) 8 | (b) 18 |
| (c) 9 | (d) 32 |

6.

The atomic number of an element is equal to the number of

- (a) Neutrons (b) Protons (c) Electrons (d) Shells

7.

Which of the following is an isotope of Carbon-12?

- (a) ^{14}C (b) ^{16}O (c) ^1H (d) ^3He

8.

Which of the following gives character to an element?

- (a) Neutrons (b) Protons
(c) Electrons in valence shell (d) Nucleons

Quiz



Answers (Quiz)

1. – (b) 2. – (d) 3. – (c) 4. – (b) 5. – (b)
6. – (b) 7. – (a) 8. – (c)



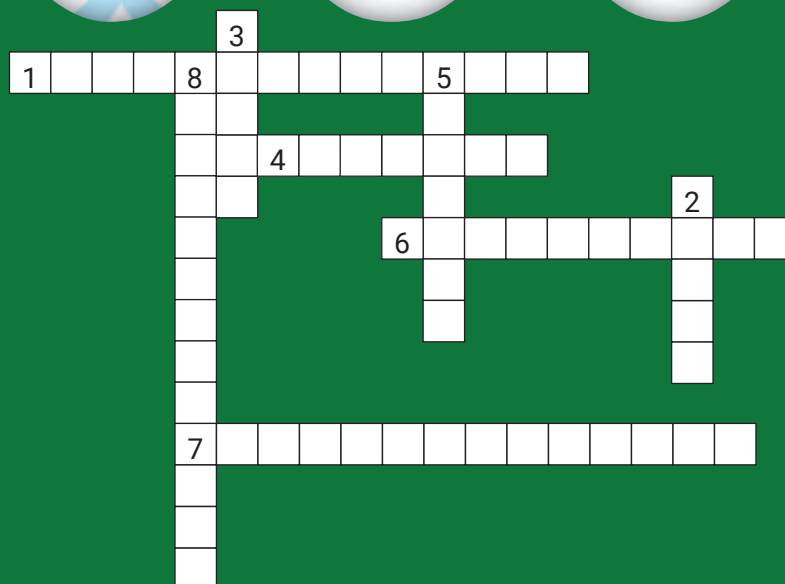
Tissues



Crossword

ACROSS

- 1** Present at the growing tips of root and stem.
- 4** Receive stimuli from within or outside the body and conduct impulses to different parts of the body.
- 6** Loosely packed, living, thin and cellulosic cell wall.
- 7** Muscles have alternate light and dark stripes and are responsible for voluntary body movements.



DOWN

- 2** Responsible for water and mineral conduction in plants.
- 3** Fluid connective tissue.
- 5** Helps in transpiration.
- 8** Provides cushion around the eyes, heart, kidneys and blood vessels.



Unscramble the Following

1

MREISTME

Hint : Plant tissue responsible for growth.

ANS.

2

HRAPNYECMA

Hint : Simple permanent tissue used for storage.

ANS.

3

LNLOCYCHEMA

Hint : Provides flexibility to young stems and leaf stalks.

ANS.

4

YLEXM

Hint : Conducts water and minerals.

ANS.

5

HEMPLO

Hint : Conducts food in plants.

ANS.

6

MIRTSEMEATIC

Hint : Tissue capable of repeated cell division.

ANS.



7

DIFFERNETIATION

Hint : Process by which cells become specialized.

ANS.

8

PICALA

Hint : Type of meristem found at the tips of roots and shoots.

ANS.

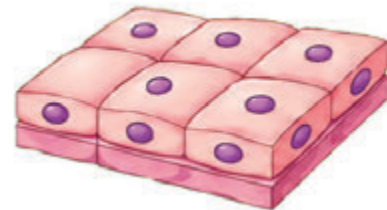


Epithelial Tissue (Covering Tissue)

Covers body surface and lines body cavities and organs.

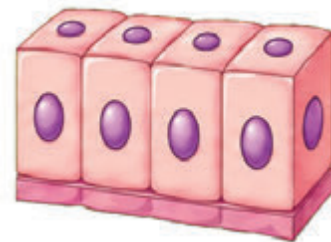
Squamous Epithelium

Thin, flat cells
Found in alveoli of lungs, blood vessels.



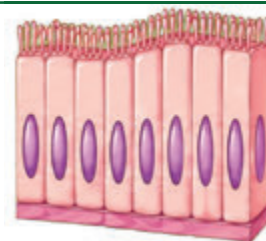
Cuboidal Epithelium

Cube-shaped cells.
Found in kidney tubules, glands.



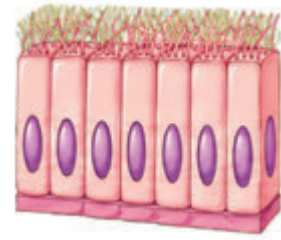
Columnar Epithelium

Tall, column-shaped cells.
Found in the lining of intestine, stomach.



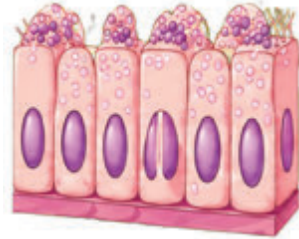
Ciliated Epithelium

Cells with cilia.
Found in trachea, bronchi and oviduct.



Glandular Epithelium

Cells that secrete substances.
Found in glands like salivary gland, pancreas.

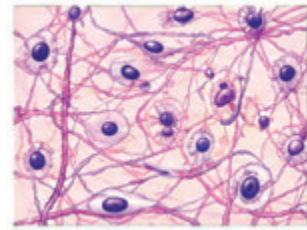


Connective Tissue (Supporting Tissue)

Connects, supports and binds different tissues and organs.

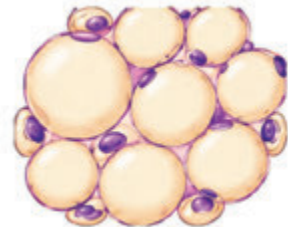
Areolar Tissue

Loose packing tissue.
Found between skin and muscles, around organs.



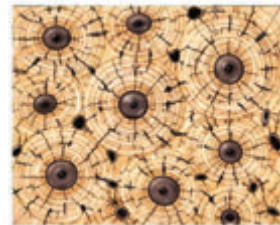
Adipose Tissue

Stores fat.
Found under the skin, around kidneys and heart.



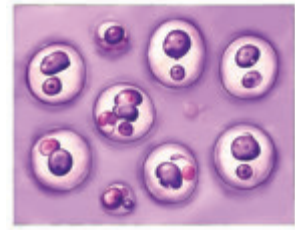
Bone Tissue

Provides support and protection.
Forms bones of skeleton.



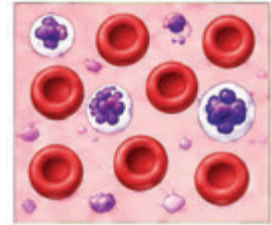
Cartilage Tissue

Flexible and strong.
Found in nose, ear pinna, between vertebrae.



Blood Tissue

Fluid tissue.
Transports substances throughout the body.

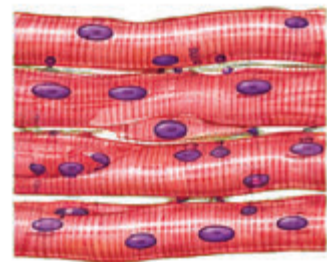


Muscular Tissue (Movement Tissue)

Made of muscle fibres. Responsible for movement of body parts.

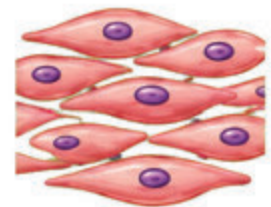
Striated Muscle

Long, cylindrical, unbranched fibres with light and dark stripes. Voluntary in nature.
Found attached to bones.



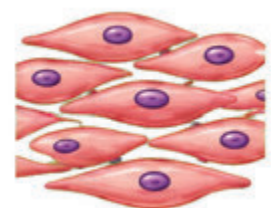
Smooth Muscle

Spindle-shaped cells with single nucleus.
Involuntary in nature.
Found in walls of internal organs.



Cardiac Muscle

Branched fibres with intercalated discs.
Involuntary in nature.
Found only in heart.



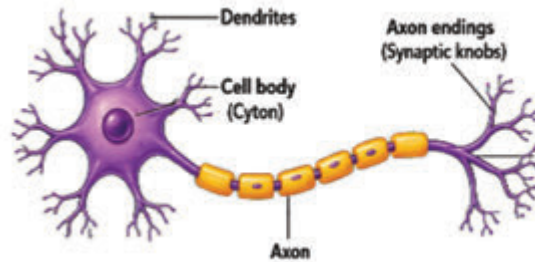


Nervous Tissue (Control Tissue)

Made of neurons. Receives and transmits impulses.

Diagram labels:

- Dendrites
- Cell body (Cyton)
- Axon
- Axon endings (Synaptic knobs)



Neurons are the structural and functional unit of nervous tissue. Helps in coordination and control of body activities.

Neurons are the structural and functional unit of nervous tissue.

Helps in coordination and control of body activities.

Answer (Unscrambling the following)

1 ANS. MERISTEM

2 ANS. PARENCHYMA

3 ANS. COLLENCHYMA

4 ANS. XYLEM

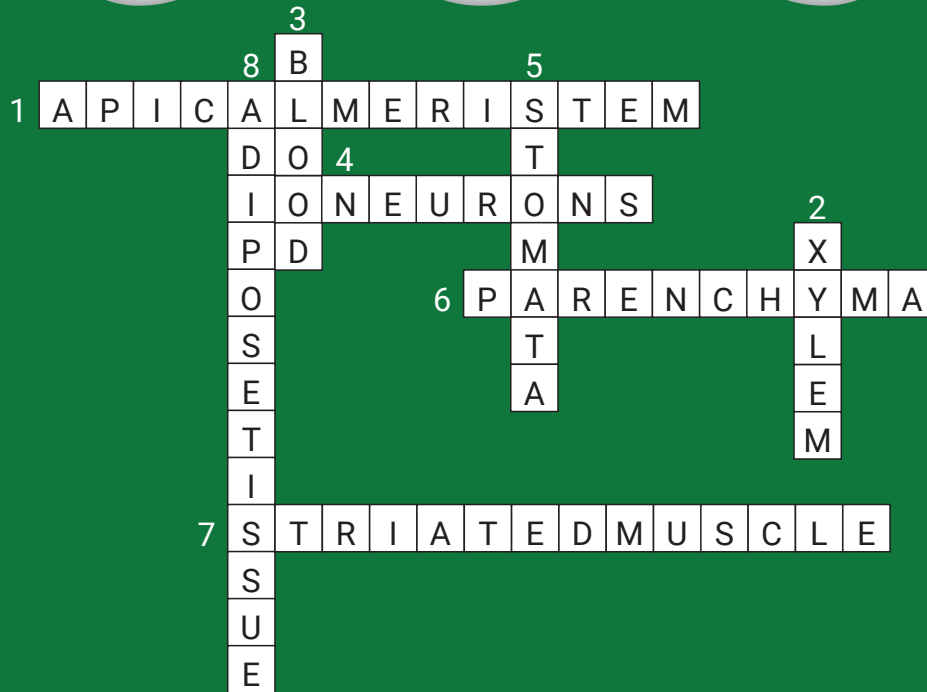
5 ANS. PHLOEM

6 ANS. MERISTEMATIC

7 ANS. DIFFERENTIATION

8 ANS. APICAL

Answer (Crossword)



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Indian Constitution

(Important Amendments)

**1st
Amendment
Act, 1951**

The Ninth Schedule was added

Abolition of Class A, B, C and D
states – 14 States and 6 Union
Territories were formed

**7th
Amendment
Act, 1956**

**10th
Amendment
Act, 1961**

Dadra and Nagar Haveli was
incorporated as the seventh Union
Territory of India

**12th
Amendment
Act, 1962**

Goa, Daman and Diu incorporated in the Indian Union as a Union Territory

Pondichery (Puducherry) incorporated into the Indian Union

**14th
Amendment
Act, 1962**

**61st
Amendment
Act, 1989**

The voting age was decreased from 21 years to 18 years for both Lok Sabha and State Legislative Assemblies elections

Panchayati Raj institutions were given constitutional status. A new Part-IX and 11th Schedule were added

**73rd
Amendment
Act, 1992**

**74th
Amendment
Act, 1992**

Urban local bodies were granted constitutional status. A new Part IX-A and 12th Schedule were added to the Indian Constitution

Goods and Services Tax (GST) was introduced.

**101st
Amendment
Act, 2016**

**103rd
Amendment
Act, 2019**

A maximum of 10% Reservation for Economically Weaker Sections

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सत्यमेव जयते

Prepositions

Quiz

(?)

Quiz

1

The dog is _____ the kennel.

- (a) at
- (b) over
- (c) above
- (d) in

2

Children jumped _____ the cliff into the water.

- (a) at
- (b) in
- (c) off
- (d) of

3

Can I get some gravy _____ with my steak?

- (a) on
- (b) along
- (c) over
- (d) of

4

Cat is giving birth _____ the table.

- (a) over
- (b) above
- (c) under
- (d) on

5

I was thinking _____ how to go around him.

- (a) above
- (b) over
- (c) around
- (d) about

6

Children are playing _____ the tree house.

- (a) at
- (b) into
- (c) in
- (d) under

7

They were all going gaga _____ the new house.

- (a) over
- (b) above
- (c) on
- (d) of

8

What he said went _____ my head.

- (a) above
- (b) over
- (c) under
- (d) through

9

Mark is a member _____ the school's drama club.

- (a) off
- (b) of
- (c) in
- (d) on



1

The dog is
in the kennel.

2

Children jumped
off the cliff into
the water.

3

Can I get some
gravy **along** with
my steak?

4

Cat is giving
birth **under** the
table.

5

I was thinking
about how to
go around him.

6

Children are
playing **in**
the tree house.

7

They were all
going gaga **over**
the new house.

8

What he said
went **over** my
head.

9

Mark is a member
of the school's
drama club.



Number and Alphabet Test & Alphanumeric Series

Question-1

S K 6 E Q 2 R * C F 8 E \$ G 2 # 4 9 L N 3

Which of the following is fifth to the right of the eighteenth from the right in the above arrangement?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (a) * | (b) C |
| (c) F | (d) 8 |

Question-2

THE MOD CPU RAM SHE

If the second letter in each of the word is changed to the previous letter in English alphabetical order then, how many words thus formed have more than one vowel?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (a) 1 | (b) 3 |
| (c) 2 | (d) 4 |



Question-3

1 4 K B 5 9 # D R 2 @ 7 M G % H V T 3 8 * 1 J A

How many such symbols are there in the above arrangement each of which is immediately preceded and immediately followed by a digit ?

- (a) 1 (b) 3
(c) 2 (d) 4

Question-4

% 4 K B 5 9 # D R 2 @ 7 M G % H V T 3 8 * 1 J A

How many digits are not immediately preceded by a letter ?

- (a) 5 (b) 4
(c) 6 (d) 3

Question-5

G 4 S % N E # L 2 M 5 A © Z 3 Y @ D & H 1 U V 9 * Q I T 7 8 Q R 6

How many symbols are there which are immediately preceded by a vowel and immediately followed by an alphabet ?

- (a) 2 (b) 1
(c) 4 (d) 3

Question-6

G 4 S % N E # L 2 M 5 A © Z 3 Y @ D & H 1 U V 9 * Q I T 7 8 Q R 6

Which of the following term would be 8th to the left of the 9th term from the right end ?

- (a) 3 (b) D
(c) @ (d) Y

Directions (Q.7 – Q.9)

In each of the following alphanumeric series, find the missing term.

Question-7

A – 9, B – 16, C – 25, ?, E – 49

- (a) D – 36 (b) F – 36
(c) D – 30 (d) F – 25

Question-8

Z – 12, ?, V – 4, T – 0, R – 8

- (a) X – 10 (b) X – 25
(c) X – 16 (d) X – 8

Question-9

G – 4, H – 6, ?, J – 10

- (a) I – 8 (b) K – 12
(c) I – 9 (d) K – 11

Question-10

234 657 383 674 993

If all the digits in each of the given numbers are arranged in ascending order within the number, which will be highest number thus formed ?

- (a) 993 (b) 657
(c) 674 (d) 234





Answer (Number and Alphabet test & Alphanumeric Series)

Solution-1

Answer : (b)

Solution-2

Answer : (a)

THE MOD CPU RAM SHE

Now words are

TGE MND COU RZM SGE

So only COU is desired word.

Solution-3

Answer : (c)

Solution-4

Answer : (a)

Solution-5

Answer : (a)

Solution-6

Answer : (c)



Solution-7

Answer : (a)

$$A = 1 \Rightarrow (1 + 2)^2 = 9$$

$$B = 2 \Rightarrow (2 + 2)^2 = 16$$

$$C = 3 \Rightarrow (3 + 2)^2 = 25$$

$$D = 4 \Rightarrow (4 + 2)^2 = 36$$

Solution-8

Answer : (d)

$$Z = 26 \Rightarrow 6 \times 2 = 12$$

$$X = 24 \Rightarrow 4 \times 2 = 8$$

$$V = 22 \Rightarrow 2 \times 2 = 4$$

$$T = 20 \Rightarrow 0 \times 2 = 0$$

Solution-9

Answer : (a)

$$G = 7 \Rightarrow 7 - 3 = 4$$

$$H = 8 \Rightarrow 8 - 2 = 6$$

$$I = 9 \Rightarrow 9 - 1 = 8$$

$$J = 10 \Rightarrow 10 - 0 = 10$$

Solution-10

Answer : (b)



FATHER OF NUCLEAR PHYSICS (NOBEL-1908)

Happy Birthday

Sir Ernest Rutherford

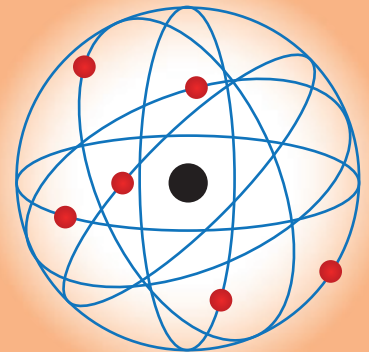
New Zealand English Chemist & Physicist



Born - 30 Aug 1871
Died - 19 Oct 1937

Rutherford's Nuclear Model of the Atom

- ☐ The nucleus is very small, dense, and positively charged.
- ☐ Electrons surround the nucleus.
- ☐ Most of the atom is empty space.



Ernest Rutherford publishes his discovery of two different kinds of Radiation (Alpha and Beta Particles)
Ernest Rutherford, 1st Baron Rutherford of Nelson, was a new zealand-born British physicist who came to be known as the father of nuclear physics.

In 1908 he was awarded the Nobel Prize for Chemistry

OUR STUDENTS DELIVER OUTSTANDING RESULTS IN CBSE CLASS X BOARD 2026



Aashna Khurana
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Marks Obtained **500/500**



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100%
Marks Obtained **500/500**



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100%
Marks Obtained **500/500**



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100%
Marks Obtained **500/500**



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100%
Marks Obtained **500/500**



Thanmaya Binukumar
100%
Marks Obtained **500/500**



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100%
Marks Obtained **500/500**



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100%
Marks Obtained **500/500**



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Marks Obtained **500/500**



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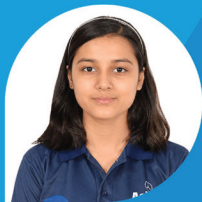
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Yashraj Yadav
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Marks **500**
9 Students

Marks **499**
& above
20 Students

Marks **495**
& above
177 Students

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& above
6509 Students

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(Classroom Program Students)



Dhruv Advani

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Chirag Falor



International Olympiad on
Astronomy & Astrophysics



Dhiren Bhardwaj



32nd International
Biology Olympiad



Anshul



32nd International
Biology Olympiad



Amritansh Nigam



33rd International
Biology Olympiad



Prachi Jindal



33rd International
Biology Olympiad



Tanishka Kabra



54th International
Chemistry Olympiad

420

Classroom Students
Qualified in
NSEs* 2024-25

1484 Students Scored Above MAS

(Group A & B)
49
NSEA*

(Group A & B)
229
NSEB*

(Group A & B)
70
NSEC*

(Group A & B)
38
NSEP*

34
NSEJS*

Aakashians Qualified for INO-2025



Krishna Agrawal
NSEA | NSEP | NSEC



Mohit Shekher Shukla
NSEA | NSEP | NSEC



Utkarsh Awadhiya
NSEB | NSEP | NSEC



Rupayan Pal
NSEC | NSEP | NSEP



Devansh Garg
NSEJS



Aaron Thakkar
NSEJS

*NSEA-National Standard Examination in Astronomy | NSEB-National Standard Examination in Biology | NSEC-National Standard Examination in Chemistry
NSEP-National Standard Examination in Physics | NSEJS-National Standard Examination in Junior Science | INO-Indian National Olympiad

and many more...

Aakashians Qualified for RMO 2024

899

Classroom Students

Qualified
in IOQM
2024



Joish Achyuta
Class - VIII



Dhanush Damu
Class - IX



Arnav Singh
Class - X



Pranit Goel
Class - XI



Aayush Agarwal
Class - XII

and many more...

Aakashians Qualified for INMO 2025

161

Classroom Students

Qualified
in RMO 2024-25



Kotha D Reddy
Reg. No. 00006657265



Abhipraya Verma
Reg. No. 00010407513



Aditya Singh
Reg. No. 00012631688



Rujul Garg
Reg. No. 00005153903



Mohit Shekher Shukla
Reg. No. 00006093814

and many more...

Aakashians Qualified for OCSC/IMOTC-2025

25

Classroom Students

Qualified
in INOs 2025



Pranit Goel
Qualified INMO



Harshit Singh
Qualified INJSO



Subhrojit Paul
Qualified INBO



Mohit Shekher Shukla
Qualified INChO



Rujul Garg
Qualified INPhO



Aditya Singh
Qualified INAO Jr

and many more...

Aakashians Qualified for Merit Certificate

1019

Classroom Students

Qualified
in IMO (Level-I)
2023-24



Intl.
Rank
1

Prisha Miglani
Class - IX



Intl.
Rank
2

Sushant Agarwal
Class - X



Intl.
Rank
4

Ekaashar Gupta
Class - IX



Intl.
Rank
7

Harshit Singh
Class - VIII

438

Classroom Students

Qualified
in IMO (Level-II)
2024

and many more...

Aakashians Qualified for Merit Certificate

4902

Classroom Students

Qualified
in NSO (Level-I)
2024-25



Intl.
Rank
2

Meghav Ladani
Class - X



Intl.
Rank
2

Anubhab Manna
Class - VIII



Intl.
Rank
3

Arnav Gupta
Class - IX



Intl.
Rank
7

Parshti Bajpai
Class - IX



Intl.
Rank
10

Shreya
Class - VIII

and many more...